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SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5586

State of Washington 57th Legislature 2001 Regular Session

By Senate Committee on Environment, Energy & Water (originally sponsored by Senators Fraser, Morton and Regala; by request of Department of Ecology)

READ FIRST TIME 02/22/01.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to water resource inventory area planning; amending
- 2 RCW 90.82.040; and 90.82 130; and declaring an emergency.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 90.82.040 and 1998 c 247 s 1 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
- 6 (1) Once a WRIA planning unit has been initiated under RCW
- 7 90.82.060 and a lead agency has been designated, it shall notify the
- 8 department and may apply to the department for funding assistance for
- 9 conducting the planning. Funds shall be provided from and to the
- 10 extent of appropriations made by the legislature to the department
- 11 expressly for this purpose.
- 12 (2)(a) Each planning unit that has complied with subsection (1) of
- 13 this section is eligible to receive watershed planning grants in the
- 14 following amounts for three phases of watershed planning:
- 15 $\left(\left(\frac{(a)}{(a)}\right)\right)$ (i) Initiating governments may apply for an initial
- 16 organizing grant of up to fifty thousand dollars for a single WRIA or
- 17 up to seventy-five thousand dollars for a multi-WRIA management area in
- 18 accordance with RCW 90.82.060(4);

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- (((b))) <u>(ii)</u> A planning unit may apply for up to two hundred 1 2 thousand dollars for each WRIA in the management area for conducting 3 watershed assessments in accordance with RCW 90.82.070, except that a 4 planning unit whose initiating governments choose to include an instream flow, water quality, or habitat component in accordance with 5 RCW 90.82.080 through 90.82.100 may apply for additional funds of up to 6 7 one hundred thousand dollars for each component included to conduct 8 assessments directly related to that component; and
 - (((c))) <u>(iii)</u> A planning unit may apply for up to two hundred fifty thousand dollars for each WRIA in the management area for developing a watershed plan and making recommendations for actions by local, state, and federal agencies, tribes, private property owners, private organizations, and individual citizens, including a recommended list of strategies and projects that would further the purpose of the plan in accordance with RCW 90.82.060 through 90.82.100.
 - (b) A planning unit may request a different amount for phase two or phase three of watershed planning than is specified in (a) of this subsection, provided that the total amount of funds awarded do not exceed the maximum amount the planning unit is eligible for under (a) of this subsection. The department shall not approve an alternate allocation of funds unless the planning unit demonstrates that an alternate allocation will not impair the unit's ability to complete a plan in accordance with this chapter.
- (3)(a) The department shall use the eligibility criteria in this subsection (3) instead of rules, policies, or guidelines when evaluating grant applications at each stage of the grants program.
- 27 (b) In reviewing grant applications under this subsection (3), the 28 department shall evaluate whether:
- 29 (i) The planning unit meets all of the requirements of this 30 chapter;
- (ii) The application demonstrates a need for state planning funds to accomplish the objectives of the planning process; and
- 33 (iii) The application and supporting information evidences a 34 readiness to proceed.
- 35 (c) In ranking grant applications submitted at each stage of the 36 grants program, the department shall give preference to applications in 37 the following order of priority:
- 38 (i) Applications from existing planning groups that have been in 39 existence for at least one year;

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- (ii) Applications that address protection and enhancement of fish habitat in watersheds that have aquatic fish species listed or proposed to be listed as endangered or threatened under the federal endangered species act, 16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq. and for which there is evidence of an inability to supply adequate water for population and economic growth from:
 - (A) First, multi-WRIA planning; and
 - (B) Second, single WRIA planning;

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- 9 (iii) Applications that address protection and enhancement of fish 10 habitat in watersheds or for which there is evidence of an inability to 11 supply adequate water for population and economic growth from:
- 12 (A) First, multi-WRIA planning; and
- 13 (B) Second, single WRIA planning.
- 14 (d) The department may not impose any local matching fund 15 requirement as a condition for grant eligibility or as a preference for 16 receiving a grant.
- 17 (4) The department may retain up to one percent of funds allocated 18 under this section to defray administrative costs.
- 19 (5) Planning under this chapter should be completed as 20 expeditiously as possible, with the focus being on local stakeholders 21 cooperating to meet local needs.
- 22 (6) Funding provided under this section shall be considered a 23 contractual obligation against the moneys appropriated for this 24 purpose.
- 25 **Sec. 2.** RCW 90.82.130 and 1998 c 247 s 9 are each amended to read 26 as follows:
- (1)(a) Upon completing its proposed watershed plan, the planning unit may approve the proposal by consensus of all of the members of the planning unit or by consensus among the members of the planning unit appointed to represent units of government and a majority vote of the nongovernmental members of the planning unit.
- 32 (b) If the proposal is approved by the planning unit, the unit
 33 shall submit the proposal to the counties with territory within the
 34 management area. If the planning unit has received funding beyond the
 35 initial fifty thousand dollars under RCW 90.82.040, such a proposal
 36 approved by the planning unit shall be submitted to the counties within
 37 four years of the date ((the)) that funds beyond the initial funding
 38 ((was)) are first ((received)) drawn upon by the planning unit.

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- 1 (c) If the watershed plan is not approved by the planning unit, the 2 planning unit may submit the components of the plan for which agreement 3 is achieved using the procedure under (a) of this subsection, or the 4 planning unit may terminate the planning process.
- 5 (2)(a) The legislative authority of each of the counties with territory in the management area shall provide public notice of and 6 7 conduct at least one public hearing on the proposed watershed plan 8 submitted under this section. After the public hearings, the 9 legislative authorities of these counties shall convene in joint session to consider the proposal. The counties may approve or reject 10 the proposed watershed plan for the management area, but may not amend 11 12 Approval of such a proposal shall be made by a majority vote of 13 the members of each of the counties with territory in the management 14 area.
- 15 (b) If a proposed watershed plan is not approved, it shall be 16 returned to the planning unit with recommendations for revisions. 17 Approval of such a revised proposal by the planning unit and the 18 counties shall be made in the same manner provided for the original 19 watershed plan. If approval of the revised plan is not achieved, the 20 process shall terminate.
 - (3) The planning unit shall not add an element to its watershed plan that creates an obligation unless each of the governments to be obligated has at least one representative on the planning unit and the respective members appointed to represent those governments agree to adding the element that creates the obligation. A member's agreeing to add an element shall be evidenced by a recorded vote of all members of the planning unit in which the members record support for adding the element. If the watershed plan is approved under subsections (1) and (2) of this section and the plan creates obligations: (a) For agencies of state government, the agencies shall adopt by rule the obligations of both state and county governments and rules implementing the state obligations, the obligations on state agencies are binding upon adoption of the obligations into rule, and the agencies shall take other actions to fulfill their obligations as soon as possible; or (b) for counties, the obligations are binding on the counties and the counties shall adopt any necessary implementing ordinances and take other actions to fulfill their obligations as soon as possible.
- 38 (4) As used in this section, "obligation" means any action required 39 as a result of this chapter that imposes upon a tribal government,

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- 1 county government, or state government, either: A fiscal impact; a
- 2 redeployment of resources; or a change of existing policy.
- 3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** This act is necessary for the immediate
- 4 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the
- 5 state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect
- 6 immediately.

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